- (ii) Other address(es) used;
- (iii) Other FEIN(s) or Social Security Number(s) used;
 - (iv) Other NPI(s) used;
- (v) State license (including registration and certification) number(s) and the name(s) of the State or territory in which the license is held;
- (vi) Other numbers assigned by Federal or State agencies, to include, but not limited to Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) registration number(s), Clinical Laboratory Improvement Act (CLIA) number(s), Food and Drug Administration (FDA) number(s), and Medicaid and Medicare provider number(s);
- (vii) Names and titles of principal officers and owners;
- (viii) Name(s) and address(es) of any health care entity with which the subject is affiliated or associated; and
- (ix) Nature of the subject's relationship to each associated or affiliated health care entity.
 - (4) For all subjects:
- (i) If the subject will be automatically reinstated; and
- (ii) The date of appeal, if any.
- (d) Sanctions for failure to report. The Secretary will provide for publication of a public report that identifies those Government agencies that have failed to report information on exclusions or debarments as required to be reported under this section.

§61.11 Reporting other adjudicated actions or decisions.

- (a) Who must report. Federal and State governmental agencies and health plans must report other adjudicated actions or decisions as defined in §61.3 related to the delivery, payment or provision of a health care item or service against health care providers, suppliers, and practitioners (regardless of whether the other adjudicated action or decision is subject to a pending appeal).
- (b) Entities described in paragraph (a) of this section must report the information as required in §61.10(b).
- (c) Entities described in paragraph (a) of this section should report, if known the information as described in §61.10(c).
- (d) Sanctions for failure to report. Any health plan that fails to report infor-

mation on an other adjudicated action or decision required to be reported under this section will be subject to a civil money penalty (CMP) of not more than \$25,000 for each such action not reported. Such penalty will be imposed and collected in the same manner as CMPs under subsection (a) of section 1128A of the Act. The Secretary will provide for publication of a public report that identifies those Government agencies that have failed to report information on other adjudicated actions as required to be reported under this section.

Subpart C—Disclosure of Information by the Healthcare Integrity and Protection Data Bank

§ 61.12 Requesting information from the Healthcare Integrity and Protection Data Bank.

- (a) Who may request information and what information may be available. Information in the HIPDB will be available, upon request, to the following persons or entities, or their authorized agents—
- (1) Federal and State Government agencies;
 - (2) Health plans;
- (3) A health care practitioner, provider, or supplier requesting information concerning himself, herself or itself; and
- (4) A person or entity requesting statistical information, which does not permit identification of any individual or entity. (For example, researchers can use statistical information to identify the total number of practitioners excluded from the Medicare and Medicaid programs. Similarly, health plans can use statistical information to develop outcome measures in their efforts to monitor and improve quality care.)
- (b) Procedures for obtaining HIPDB information. Eligible individuals and entities may obtain information from the HIPDB by submitting a request in such form and manner as the Secretary may prescribe. These requests are subject to fees set forth in §61.13. The HIPDB will comply with the Department's principles of fair information practice by providing each subject of a report with

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a copy when the report is entered into the HIPDB.

- (c) Information provided in response to self-queries. (1) At the time subjects request information as part of a "self-query," the subject will receive—
- (i) Any report(s) in the HIPDB specific to them; and
- (ii) A disclosure history from the HIPDB of the name(s) of any entity (or entities) that have previously received the report(s).
- (2) The disclosure history will be restricted in accordance with the Privacy Act regulations set forth in 45 CFR part 5b.

§ 61.13 Fees applicable to requests for information.

- (a) Policy on fees. The fees described in this section apply to all requests for information from the HIPDB, except requests from Federal agencies. However, for purposes of verification and dispute resolution at the time the report is accepted, the HIPDB will provide a copy—at the time a report has been submitted automatically, without a request and free of charge—of every report to the health care provider, supplier or practitioner who is the subject of the report. For the same purpose, the Department will provide a copy of the report—at the time a report has been submitted automatically, without a request and free of charge—to the reporter that submitted it. The fees are authorized by section 1128E(d)(2) of the Act, and they reflect the full costs of operating the database. The actual fees will be announced by the Secretary in periodic notices in the FEDERAL REG-
- (b) Criteria for determining the fee. The amount of each fee will be determined based on the following criteria —
- (1) Direct and indirect personnel costs;
- (2) Physical overhead, consulting, and other indirect costs including rent and depreciation on land, buildings and equipment;
- (3) Agency management and supervisorv costs;
- (4) Costs of enforcement, research and establishment of regulations and guidance;
- (5) Use of electronic data processing equipment to collect and maintain in-

formation—the actual cost of the service, including computer search time, runs and printouts; and

- (6) Any other direct or indirect costs related to the provision of services.
- (c) Assessing and collecting fees. The Secretary will announce through periodic notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER the method of payment of fees. In determining these methods, the Secretary will consider efficiency, effectiveness and convenience for users and for the Department. Methods may include credit card, electronic funds transfer and other methods of electronic payment.

§ 61.14 Confidentiality of Healthcare Integrity and Protection Data Bank information.

Information reported to the HIPDB is considered confidential and will not be disclosed outside the Department, except as specified in §§61.12 and 61.15. Persons and entities receiving information from the HIPDB, either directly or from another party, must use it solely with respect to the purpose for which it was provided. Nothing in this section will prevent the disclosure of information by a party from its own files used to create such reports where disclosure is otherwise authorized under applicable State or Federal law.

§ 61.15 How to dispute the accuracy of Healthcare Integrity and Protection Data Bank information.

- (a) Who may dispute the HIPDB information. The HIPDB will routinely mail or transmit electronically to the subject a copy of the report filed in the HIPDB. In addition, as indicated in §61.12(a)(3), the subject may also request a copy of such report. The subject of the report or a designated representative may dispute the accuracy of a report concerning himself, herself or itself as set forth in paragraph (b) of this section.
- (b) Procedures for disputing a report with the reporting entity. If the subject disagrees with the reported information, the subject must request in writing that the HIPDB enter the report into "disputed status."
- (2) The HIPDB will send the report, with a notation that the report has been placed in "disputed status," to